Module Work 1

Variant 1

1. Match 1–6 with a)–f) to complete the interview advice.

**1** When you apply for a job always make sure you send   \_

**2** It’s important to shake hands

**3** Don’t forget to speak

**4** Employers like it when a job candidate shows

**5** Always be prepared to do

**6** Remember to dress

**a)** references from previous employers.

**b)** clearly so that the interviewer can hear every word you say.

**c)** enthusiasm for the position and interest in the company.

**d)** some research on the company before you go to an interview. It’ll help you think of useful questions to ask.

**e)** firmly when you first meet the interviewer as it gives a good first impression.

**f)** smartly for an interview and to get your hair cut too.

2. Underline the correct answer, a), b) or c).

**1** What           *s*he tell you just now? I hope it wasn’t anything bad.

**a)** has **b)** did **c)** were

**2**            you eaten lunch yet? If you haven’t, we could go somewhere together.

**a)** Did **b)** Have **c)** Do

**3** Who           stole my bag? I’m sure it was on this chair just a moment ago.

**a)** - **b)** did **c)** has

**4**            you play the piano well or have you just started learning?

**a)** Has **b)** Have **c)** Do

**5**            did you say you were staying? The Grand Hotel?

**a)** Where **b)** When **c)** What

**6** When            they arriving? Is it today?

**a)** - **b)** are **c)** do

**7**            he forgotten his keys? Oh no! This isn’t the first time he’s left them at home.

**a)** Did **b)** Does **c)** Has

**8** Who            you usually depend on for help?

**a)** do **b)** are **c)** -

**9** What            happened to your car? Was there an accident?

**a)** did **b)** - **c)** was

**10**            they arrive on time last night?

**a)** Has **b)** Did **c)** Had

**11** Claire            economics at university when she first met Jackie.

**a)** studies **b)** studied **c)** was studying

3. Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There is one extra word you do not need.

|  |
| --- |
| boss classmate fiancé fiancée member mentor partner |

**1** In our small company the \_\_\_\_\_\_ and employees all work together and share an office. I think this is unusual.

**2** How much did you say it costs to become a                      of your local golf club?

**3** My squash                      is very competitive and doesn’t like it when we lose a game.

**4** Liane went to a school reunion last Saturday because she wanted to meet up with an old                     . She said it was really great to see her and she looked exactly the same!

**5** It was lovely to meet Beth and her                      , Charles, and to hear about their engagement. Did you know that they’ve decided to get married in Fiji, where they got engaged?

**6** At our university, all first year students have a                      who helps them adapt to student life. I think this is a great idea.

4. Complete the words related to language.

**1** The first time I used a **f**\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ language outside of school was when I visited France with my family.

**2** My Spanish teacher tells us that fluency is more important than **a**                     . She tells us not to worry if we make mistakes, because we will learn from them.

**3** Karin is **b**                     . She has a British father and a Dutch mother and she is currently working as a translator in English and Dutch.

**4** In addition to his **m**                     **t**                     , Arabic, he speaks English, French and Spanish.

**5** The **s**                     you need to work on most is your writing. You need to improve your spelling and punctuation.

**6** A lot of students want to know slang or **j**                     when they begin learning a language. They think it’s very interesting and useful.

5. Read the article and complete the gaps with headings a)–f) below.

**a)** Communication differences

**b)** What’s in a name?

**c)** A strange similarity

**d)** Twins: A case of nature or nurture?

**e)** Fascinating results

**f)** Divided and reunited

1   \_

Many people are like their siblings in some ways, but twins are often even more alike. If you are born   
at the same time as another baby and grow up with them, it is likely you will be similar to each other. But what would happen if you didn’t know you had a twin? How alike would you be?

**2**

In the USA, a pair of identical twins was split up when they were adopted as four-month-old babies. Their new parents decided on their names and without knowing it, both called their son ‘Jim’. These two boys spent all of their childhood and teenage years living separate lives in different places. And it wasn’t untilthey were thirty-nine years old that they got to meet each other for the first time. They were quite surprised to find how similar they were.

**3**

Although they didn’t look exactly the same, they were both six feet tall and weighed 180 pounds. They discovered that during their childhood they had both had a dog named ‘Toy’ and as adults they had both married twice. Even more strangely, both of their first wives were called ‘Linda’ and their second wives were called ‘Betty’. The Jims had each had a son. One of them had called theirs ‘James Allan’ while the other named theirs ‘James Alan’.

**4**

The similarities didn’t end there. They discovered that they had both worked as sheriffs, owned the same type of car, smoked the same cigarettes and drank the same beer. They also suffered from the same health problems, like severe headaches. In later research on the pair, a psychologist\* noticed that they both bit their nails. This was rather unusual behaviour among identical twins.

**5**

However, while they were very similar, there were also some clear differences. For example, one Jim preferred to express himself through writing while the other preferred speaking. They also had different hairstyles and one Jim had married a third time while the other hadn’t.

**6**

Continued research on the Jim twins has proven to be very interesting and along with other research findings has led to the discovery that the personality and identity of twins who have grown up apart is as alike as those that haven’t.

\* *Psychologist – someone who studies the human mind and human behaviour.*

6. Read the article again. Decide if the statements are true (T) or false (F).

**1** Research has shown that all twins are the same as each other.

**2** The Jim twins were adopted at birth by two sets of American couples.

**3** Neither set of parents knew what the other twin had been called.

**4** The two Jims grew up in the same area unaware of the other’s existence until they were almost forty.

**5** They expected to have a lot in common when they first met in their thirties.

**6** The two Jims were as tall and as heavy as each other.

**7** They had both married a ‘Betty’ and then a ‘Linda’.

**8** Even though they both had similar habits they’d never worked in the same job.

**9** Psychologists thought it unusual that both twins bit their fingernails.

**10** One of the key differences between the twins was how they enjoyed communicating with others.

**11** Research shows that twins who live apart as children behave very differently from each other.

**7. Writing**

Choose one topic and write a short essay 10-15 sentences.

1. The importance of learning a second language in the 21st century.
2. The benefits and challenges of being bilingual or multilingual.
3. The relationship between language and identity.

Module Work 1

Variant 2

1. Match 1–7 with a)–g).

**1** If you make friends with native \_\_\_

**2** Last year our swimming team took

**3** It’s a good idea to show

**4** I’m sorry. We’re in a bit of

**5** Luckily, all the passengers survived

**6** The demonstration turned violent

**7** Uncle Alex told us a really

**a)** a hurry and can’t stop now.

**b)** speakers, your English will improve a lot faster.

**c)** funny story the other day.

**d)** part in a national competition.

**e)** enthusiasm when you answer questions in an interview.

**f)** after the police arrived.

**g)** the crash and no one was seriously hurt.

2. Underline the correct answer, a), b) or c).

1. What \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when the accident happened?

a) were you doing b) did you do c) had you done

2. By the time I got home, she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ dinner.

a) cooked b) was cooking c) had cooked

3. How many pages of the book \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ by the time you stopped reading?

a) did you read b) were you reading c) had you read

4. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her keys in the car last night.

a) left b) was leaving c) had left

5. When I arrived at the party, they \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ games.

a) played b) were playing c) had played

6. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in the garden for hours before the rain started.

a) worked b) was working c) had worked

7. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on his project for weeks before it was due.

a) worked b) was working c) had worked

8. What \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ at the museum last Saturday?

a) did you see b) were you seeing c) had you seen

9. When the alarm clock rang, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a dream.

a) had b) was having c) had been having

10. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ their bags before they left for the airport.

a) packed b) were packing c) had packed

11. What \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ when you opened the door?

a) did you see b) were you seeing c) had you seen

3. Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There are two extra words.

|  |
| --- |
| chance classmates degree foreign hand lunchtime purpose say tell weekend |

**1** At the end of the school year, I helped my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ organise a big party.

**2** Everyone at our school had to study a                 language. I chose Spanish.

**3** After Charlotte got a                 in English literature she trained to become a teacher.

**4** I’m sorry. I didn’t drop your laptop on                . It was an accident.

**5** Wendy has started her own jewellery business and makes everything herself by                 .

**6** Let’s meet at                 to discuss plans for next week.

**7** Why don’t you just                 what you mean? It would make life a lot easier if you did.

**8** Do you think it’s better to                 a white lie sometimes than to hurt someone’s feelings by telling the truth?

4. Complete the words related to language.

1. Ben is multilingual. He knows several f ­\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_languages.

2. I didn’t understand the advice on this computer forum. It’s full of technical j \_\_\_\_\_\_.

3. Jorge speaks English so well that people think he’s a n\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ speaker!

4. My students think listening is the most difficult s\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ­to master.

5. Chatting to other students has really helped to improve my f\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ , but I still make mistakes and need to work on my a\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

6. Andrea speaks French and German, but Spanish is her m \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_t \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

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