

**E. MOUTSOU**

# Use of English

# B2

for all exams

  
mm publications

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**Collocations/expressions**

**A** The following expressions include the words **day**, **year** and **time**. Complete them with prepositions.

DAY	YEAR	TIME	
_____ this day and age	all year _____	_____ a period of time	_____ sb's free time
day _____ day	year _____ year	_____ time to time	_____ no time
	_____ this time	_____ the first time	have no time _____
	of the year	_____ the right time	take time _____ work

**B** Complete the sentences with the collocations / expressions in the box below.

the other day    all day long    call it a day    at times    on time  
 in time    pass the time    ahead of its time    time and time again    for the time being

- 1 Despite technical problems, the flight left \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2 We'll be getting a new printer next month. So, \_\_\_\_\_, we have to put up with this one.
- 3 Most engineers agreed that the car's design was \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 I started a conversation with the person sitting next to me on the bus to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5 I saw Sally \_\_\_\_\_. Did you know that she had broken her leg?
- 6 The match started at 7 pm and Jack arrived just \_\_\_\_\_ for the kick-off.
- 7 Let's \_\_\_\_\_ and go home. We've been working for over twelve hours without a break.
- 8 He keeps making the same mistake \_\_\_\_\_.
- 9 I find it very difficult to agree with you \_\_\_\_\_. Your views can sometimes be extreme.
- 10 I have been sleepy \_\_\_\_\_ today. I don't know what's the matter with me.

**C** Read the sentences and complete them with the correct form of the verbs **hold**, **run**, **catch** or **keep**.

- 1 The student was \_\_\_\_\_ **in the act** of cheating by the examiner.
- 2 I just need you to \_\_\_\_\_ **an eye on** Sam while I go out.
- 3 Jenny will certainly \_\_\_\_\_ everyone's **attention** with that dress she's wearing.
- 4 Blue eyes and red hair \_\_\_\_\_ **in my family**. Only my aunt has brown eyes.
- 5 When my grandmother was in hospital, I used to \_\_\_\_\_ **her company** in the afternoons.
- 6 Mary is moving to another city, but we promised to \_\_\_\_\_ **in touch with** each other.
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ **a business** requires many skills and expertise.
- 8 You can't rely on Roger. Actually, he's the kind of person that can't \_\_\_\_\_ **a promise**.
- 9 The winner of the marathon had to \_\_\_\_\_ **his breath** before speaking to the journalist.
- 10 Please \_\_\_\_\_ **in mind** that smoking is not allowed in this building.
- 11 We all \_\_\_\_\_ **our breath** when the winner of the competition was being announced.
- 12 As I was running to \_\_\_\_\_ **the bus**, I slipped and fell.
- 13 Can you \_\_\_\_\_ **a secret**? Jane is organising a surprise party for Kevin's birthday!
- 14 The children \_\_\_\_\_ **hands** while walking down the street.



**Phrasal Verbs**

Read the sentences on the left and match the phrasal verbs with their definitions on the right by writing the correct number in the box next to each definition.

**A LOOK**

- 1 We **looked after** Ben's house while he was on holiday.
- 2 We are all **looking forward to** the opening game of the season.
- 3 The authorities promised to **look into** the claims of corruption.
- 4 I **looked over** your essay and can suggest some improvements.
- 5 **Look out!** The pavement is broken and you might trip.
- 6 **Look up** the meaning of the word in the dictionary.
- 7 John **looks down on** people who aren't as rich as he is.
- 8 Children often **look up to** sports heroes.

- have a poor opinion of
- respect, admire
- warn somebody about potential danger
- take care of
- expect sth pleasant to happen
- investigate
- inspect quickly
- try to find in a book or list

**B CHECK, WATCH, SHOW**

- 1 We were told to **check in** at the airport as early as possible.
- 2 Guests are kindly reminded to **check out** by 12 o'clock.
- 3 The tourists were told to **watch out for** pickpockets.
- 4 The older children were told to **watch over** the younger ones.
- 5 The man was **showing off** his new sports car to his friends.
- 6 Everybody **showed up** at the party on Saturday night.

- be careful about
- care for sb or sth, especially because it is your responsibility
- arrive, appear
- report one's arrival at a hotel/airport etc.
- pay the bill and leave (a hotel/clinic etc.)
- try to make people notice and admire

**Words with Prepositions**

**A Complete the blanks with prepositions.**

Adjectives		Nouns	Verbs
accustomed _____	familiar _____ sb (=well known)	knowledge _____	fill sth _____ sth
addicted _____	familiar _____ sb (=friendly)	a rise _____	else
amused _____	be familiar _____ sth (=know well)	(feel) sympathy _____	involve _____
astonished _____	famous _____	a talent _____	know _____ sth
(un)aware _____	fond _____	a taste _____ (=flavour, brief experience)	(=have knowledge of)
crazy _____	impressed _____	a taste _____ (=liking, preference)	
cruel _____	interested _____		
curious _____	keen _____		
delighted _____	known _____ (=regarded)		
enthusiastic _____	pleased _____		
excited _____	rude _____		
	typical _____		

**B Read the following sentences and complete them with prepositions.**

- 1 Did you **know** \_\_\_\_\_ the surprise party?
- 2 Are you **familiar** \_\_\_\_\_ the company's no smoking policy?
- 3 Do you like the **taste** \_\_\_\_\_ red wine more than that of white wine?
- 4 He is feared by everyone in the area. He's **known** \_\_\_\_\_ 'The Cleaner'.
- 5 I'm really **keen** \_\_\_\_\_ the idea of spending my holiday on an island in the Mediterranean.



**unit 03**

- 6 This village looks **familiar** \_\_\_\_\_ me. Have we been here before?
- 7 A **rise** \_\_\_\_\_ inflation would have negative consequences for the country's economy.
- 8 I didn't like olive oil but I've developed a **taste** \_\_\_\_\_ it now that I'm living in Spain.

**Grammar Revision (Adverbs - Comparisons - Articles - Uncountables)**

See Grammar Review page 150

**A Read the text below and complete each blank with one word.**

Gianni Versace was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ successful fashion designers (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the 1980s and 1990s. He was born in 1946, in Reggio, a (3) \_\_\_\_\_ small town in Italy, where he learnt how to make clothes. In (4) \_\_\_\_\_ beginning, he sold his clothes to (5) \_\_\_\_\_ manufacturer in Milan, but he was not as popular then (6) \_\_\_\_\_ he was in later years. Very quickly he developed a personal style, which made him famous. He used bright colours and, over time, his clothes became more and (7) \_\_\_\_\_ extravagant. The more successful his collections were, the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ his talent was acknowledged. Celebrities (9) \_\_\_\_\_ Princess Diana and Elton John loved his style. Versace also paid the (10) \_\_\_\_\_ attention to his surroundings (11) \_\_\_\_\_ he did to his clothes and spent (12) \_\_\_\_\_ of money on art and expensive furniture. Versace's fame, however, is just (13) \_\_\_\_\_ side of this story of style, which ended suddenly with his death (14) \_\_\_\_\_ the summer of 1997. Some fashion critics have described his clothes (15) \_\_\_\_\_ "fabulous rubbish" and criticised him for using cheap materials. Nevertheless, he has to be seen as one of the most influential designers of his generation.

**B Choose A, B, C or D to complete the following dialogue.**

**Jim:** Have you made up your mind about where to go on holiday?

**Mike:** I've narrowed down my choices to two (1) \_\_\_\_\_ large countries, France and Mexico. What do you think?

**Jim:** Well, France is one of (2) \_\_\_\_\_ countries in Europe. Did you know it's twice (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the UK? Since you've got eight weeks off (4) \_\_\_\_\_ work, you could go on a cycling tour of the country.

**Mike:** I'd like to visit (5) \_\_\_\_\_ Alps and Mont Blanc, which is (6) \_\_\_\_\_ than any other mountain in Western Europe. I suppose I could also go on long walks in the country, as the climate there is similar (7) \_\_\_\_\_ that in Britain.

**Jim:** Really? I think it's (8) \_\_\_\_\_ warmer. Especially on the Riviera, the Mediterranean in winter is (9) \_\_\_\_\_ temperature as the British coastal waters are in summer! I can really picture you, tanned and relaxed, tasting delicious local specialities (10) \_\_\_\_\_ Camembert cheese, frogs' legs and snails!

**Mike:** Come on, that sounds disgusting!

**Jim:** Apparently, they taste (11) \_\_\_\_\_ better than they sound.

**Mike:** I don't know. I'd rather go to Mexico and eat tortillas and chilli every day!



- |                 |             |              |                  |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1 A rather      | B most      | C far        | D too            |
| 2 A larger      | B largest   | C the larger | D the largest    |
| 3 A bigger than | B as big as | C so big as  | D as bigger than |
| 4 A a           | B the       | C some       | D -              |
| 5 A an          | B the       | C some       | D -              |
| 6 A higher      | B highest   | C the higher | D the highest    |
| 7 A as          | B with      | C to         | D of             |
| 8 A more        | B most      | C much       | D quite          |
| 9 A the same    | B same      | C similar    | D the similar    |
| 10 A such       | B as        | C like       | D so             |
| 11 A pretty     | B far       | C the        | D more           |



## Points to remember

- ④ The train is **cheaper** than the plane. ✓  
~~The train is cheaper from the plane.~~
- ④ Your story is **funnier** than mine. ✓  
Your story is **more amusing** than mine. ✓  
~~Your story is more funnier than mine.~~
- ④ Your house is **as big as** mine. ✓  
~~Your house is as bigger as mine.~~  
(as + positive degree + as)
- ④ The children were **very excited** about the trip.  
(positive meaning)  
The children were **too excited** about the trip.  
(negative meaning - excessively)
- ④ Lisa is a **very / pretty / rather careful** driver.  
(a/an + very / pretty / rather + positive degree of adj + noun)  
Lisa is **quite a careful** driver.  
(quite + a/an + positive degree of adj + noun)  
Lisa drives **very / pretty / quite / rather carefully**.  
(very / pretty / quite / rather + positive degree of adv)
- ④ Lisa is **rather / much / a little / a bit / a lot / far more careful** than Tim. ✓  
Lisa drives **rather / much / a little / a bit / a lot / far more carefully** than Tim. ✓  
~~Lisa is very / pretty / quite more careful than Tim.~~  
~~Lisa drives very / pretty / quite more carefully than Tim.~~  
(rather / much / a little / a bit / a lot / far + comparative degree of adj/adv)
- ④ Mary is **the tallest girl** in her class. ✓  
(the + superlative, for several people / things)  
Both Mary and Sheila are tall, but Mary is **the taller** of the two. ✓  
(the + comparative, for only two people / things)  
~~Both Mary and Sheila are tall, but Mary is the tallest of the two.~~
- ④ That's my **elder / eldest** brother. ✓  
(only for brothers, sisters, sons, daughters)  
That's my **older / oldest** brother. ✓  
My brother is a year **older than** me. ✓ (older + than)  
~~My brother is a year elder than me.~~  
(no than after elder)
- ④ He spoke **like** a lawyer. ✓ (= as if he were a lawyer; he isn't)  
He spoke **as** a lawyer. ✓ (= he is a lawyer)  
He spoke as he was advised to. (as + clause)  
~~He spoke like he was advised to.~~
- ④ John gave me some important **information**. ✓  
~~John gave me some important informations.~~  
(Uncountable nouns have no plural forms.)  
~~John gave me an important information.~~  
John gave me **an important piece of information**. ✓  
(No a/an immediately before uncountable nouns.)
- ④ **The news** was really shocking. ✓  
~~The news were really shocking.~~  
(Uncountable nouns go with singular verbs.)

## Key Transformations

- ④ Fiona is taller than Gina.  
Gina is shorter than Fiona.  
Gina is not as tall as Fiona.
- ④ Andrew smokes more than John.  
John smokes less than Andrew.  
John does not smoke as much as Andrew.  
John is not such a heavy smoker as Andrew.  
John is not so/as heavy a smoker as Andrew.
- ④ This is the fastest car I have ever driven.  
I have never driven such a fast car.  
I have never driven a faster car than this (one).  
I have never driven a car as fast as this (one).  
None of the cars I have driven is/are faster than this (one).  
None of the cars I have driven is/are as fast as this (one).
- ④ She is the worst singer I know.  
She is / sings worse than any (other) singer I know.  
No other singer I know is as bad as her / she is.  
No other singer I know sings as badly as her / she does.
- ④ The atmosphere is becoming more polluted by the day.  
The atmosphere is becoming more and more polluted.
- ④ His behaviour is becoming more sensible as he gets older.  
The older he gets, the more sensible his behaviour becomes.  
The older he gets, the more sensibly he behaves.
- ④ He hasn't got much furniture in his new flat.  
He has got very little furniture in his new flat.  
He has got very few pieces of furniture in his new flat.
- ④ George is not usually late.  
It is not typical of George to be late.  
It is not like George to be late.
- ④ Your bicycle looks exactly like mine.  
Your bicycle is exactly the same as mine.  
Your bicycle is identical to mine.



Examination Practice

**A** Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each space. Use only one word in each space.

A TALENT FOR LYING



Although we are all natural born liars, most of us seem to take it for granted that lying

(1) \_\_\_\_\_ bad. However, psychologists argue that lying is just

(2) \_\_\_\_\_ important as any other social skill we possess.

We learn (3) \_\_\_\_\_ art of deception very early in life; by the age of

five, we have not only become quite efficient at lying, but we have also learnt how to read people's reactions and act accordingly.

(4) \_\_\_\_\_ example, if someone is avoiding direct eye contact with us, this makes us think that we're being lied to so we might lie, too. A person's smile is also (5) \_\_\_\_\_ giveaway. A genuine smile makes the skin near the eyes crease, whereas a "put on" smile doesn't have the (6) \_\_\_\_\_ effect on the facial features (7) \_\_\_\_\_ a real one.

Even though both women and men know how to watch (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for clues that somebody is lying, it is a fact that women are (9) \_\_\_\_\_ more skilful liars (10) \_\_\_\_\_ men. Despite this, women are also more affected by other people's feelings, so they have more sympathy (11) \_\_\_\_\_ them. As a result, women tend to be (12) \_\_\_\_\_ willing to have an honest conversation.

**B** Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given unchanged. You must use between two and five words, including the word given.

- 1 Sarah is a better swimmer than Jessica.  
**swim** Jessica doesn't \_\_\_\_\_ Sarah.
- 2 Mark and Tony are equally tall.  
**height** Mark is \_\_\_\_\_ Tony.
- 3 Jane is more enthusiastic about sports than Brendan is.  
**keen** Brendan isn't \_\_\_\_\_ Jane is.
- 4 The baby's temperature kept rising, so we took him to hospital.  
**higher** The baby's temperature was \_\_\_\_\_, so we took him to hospital.
- 5 Patrick doesn't usually forget his appointments.  
**like** It is \_\_\_\_\_ his appointments.
- 6 As it got darker, we had more difficulty seeing.  
**harder** The darker \_\_\_\_\_ it was for us to see.
- 7 Daniel is the worst cook I've ever known.  
**cook** None of the people I know \_\_\_\_\_ Daniel.
- 8 I couldn't find a bigger house in the area.  
**the** This was \_\_\_\_\_ I could find in the area.
- 9 The children's performance made quite an impression on us.  
**rather** We were \_\_\_\_\_ the children's performance.
- 10 Jeremy doesn't run as fast as Jonathan.  
**so** Jeremy is not \_\_\_\_\_ Jonathan.



# Section 2

## Words easily confused

Use the correct form of the words in the boxes to complete the sentences in each group A-H below. You may use some of the words more than once. In some cases, more than one word may be correct.

**A** rise raise arise lift

- Should the need \_\_\_\_\_, we'll order more food for the extra guests.
- The charity organisation \_\_\_\_\_ enough money to build a shelter for the refugees.
- The sun \_\_\_\_\_ in the East and sets in the West.
- We \_\_\_\_\_ at seven every weekday to get ready for school.
- Can you \_\_\_\_\_ the table so that I can slide the rug underneath?

**B** grow grow up bring up (be) born become

- In the last six months Joe has \_\_\_\_\_ taller by 15 centimetres.
- When Brett was \_\_\_\_\_, he weighed 3.8 kilograms.
- Most parents have fond memories of the years they were \_\_\_\_\_ their children.
- When Jean \_\_\_\_\_, she wants to \_\_\_\_\_ a mechanical engineer.

**C** educate learn teach study read instruct

- I always \_\_\_\_\_ a book just before I go to sleep.
- John was \_\_\_\_\_ in France, so his French is very good.
- Michelle works in the gym \_\_\_\_\_ people how to use the equipment properly.
- In my final year I had to \_\_\_\_\_ at least four hours every day to \_\_\_\_\_ everything that was required for the exams.
- I \_\_\_\_\_ Physics and Maths at the local high school.
- The examiner \_\_\_\_\_ us to pick up our pens once we had \_\_\_\_\_ the questions carefully.

**D** behaviour attitude temper mood manner manners

- My parents had to see the headmaster because of my bad \_\_\_\_\_ in class.
- After the argument, Jake was in a bad \_\_\_\_\_ and wouldn't speak to anyone.
- If Betty wants to keep her job, she must change her \_\_\_\_\_ towards her boss.
- Where did you learn such excellent table \_\_\_\_\_?



## unit 03

- 5 The children like him because of his gentle \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6 Cliff is so calm that I have never seen him lose his \_\_\_\_\_.
- 7 What you're saying should be done in a professional \_\_\_\_\_.

**E** familiar accustomed aware

- 1 I hope you're \_\_\_\_\_ of the dangers involved in rock climbing.
- 2 Is anyone in this classroom \_\_\_\_\_ with the word "incubator"?
- 3 That woman looks \_\_\_\_\_ to me. I'm sure I've seen her before.
- 4 Paul is feeling tired because he's not \_\_\_\_\_ to working for so long without a break.

**F** custom habit fashion trend routine

- 1 Going to work has become a daily \_\_\_\_\_ for most people.
- 2 The general \_\_\_\_\_ for men in the 1970s was to have long hair and sideburns.
- 3 In many countries it is the \_\_\_\_\_ to roast turkey for Christmas.
- 4 Sandra has the bad \_\_\_\_\_ of biting her nails.
- 5 Slightly flared trousers are in \_\_\_\_\_ this year so many people are wearing them.
- 6 If you go shopping, definitely go to Blare's. They've got all the latest \_\_\_\_\_.

**G** common ordinary usual normal regular

- 1 It is \_\_\_\_\_ to feel weak when you are ill, even if you've just got a \_\_\_\_\_ cold.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ exercise means working out for one hour at least twice a week.
- 3 It was a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ weekend. We went to the cinema on Saturday evening and for a drive on Sunday morning, as \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4 I get on very well with my friends because we have many things in \_\_\_\_\_.

**H** eager keen enthusiastic interested willing

- 1 I am \_\_\_\_\_ to help you with your homework if you make an effort.
- 2 He's really \_\_\_\_\_ on heavy metal music. That's all he listens to.
- 3 Please sit down as I'm \_\_\_\_\_ to start the meeting.
- 4 Billy is a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ tennis player, so he plays tennis every afternoon.
- 5 Sheila is \_\_\_\_\_ in taking up gardening this spring.
- 6 We were \_\_\_\_\_ about going to Ireland for Christmas.



## Derivatives

In this unit we will deal with more nouns, adjectives and adverbs deriving from nouns.

Noun Root	Noun = Noun + -hood
Referring to a person	These nouns describe the state or period of being what the noun root refers to.
adult boy	adulthood boyhood

- Some other common nouns that form nouns in the same way are: *child, man, mother, parent* and *woman*.
- Pay attention to the following: *neighbour* → *neighbourhood*

Noun Root	Adjective = Noun + -al	Adverb = Noun + -ally
monument education	monumental educational	monumentally educationally

- Some other common nouns that form adjectives and adverbs in the same way are: *accident, addition, emotion, fate, intention, nation, nature, person, profession* and *tradition*.
- Note the changes in spelling:  
*commerce* → *commercial* → *commercially*      *finance* → *financial* → *financially*  
*part* → *partial* → *partially*                      *confidence* → *confidential* → *confidentially*  
*artifice* → *artificial* → *artificially*              *essence* → *essential* → *essentially*  
*benefit* → *beneficial* → *beneficially*

Noun Root	Adjective = Noun + -y	Adverb = Noun + -ily
luck	lucky	luckily

- Some other common nouns that form adjectives and adverbs in the same way are: *ease, fun, health, noise* and *sleep*.
- Pay attention to the following nouns that form only adjectives: *cloud, dirt, hair, rain, risk, snow, sun, wealth* and *worth*.
- Note the changes in spelling: *anger* → *angry* → *angrily*                      *hunger* → *hungry* → *hungrily*

Noun Root	Adjective = Noun + -ous
Referring to a quality or characteristic	Having the quality or characteristic of the noun root
danger	dangerous

- Some other common nouns that form nouns in the same way are: *adventure, fame, humour, nerve* and *poison*.
- Some nouns ending in **-ion** form adjectives in **-ious**:  
*ambition* → *ambitious*      *caution* → *cautious*      *infection* → *infectious*  
*religion* → *religious*      *suspicion* → *suspicious*
- Some nouns ending in **-e** form adjectives in **-eous**: *advantage* → *advantageous*      *courage* → *courageous*
- Note the following irregularities: *anxiety* → *anxious*      *number* → *numerous*      *price* → *precious*

Noun Root	Adjective/adverb = Noun + -ly
day	daily

- Some other common nouns that form (both) adjectives and adverbs are: *month, mother, world* and *year*.  
*month* → *monthly*:      *His monthly salary is far above the average. (adjective)*  
                                     *He gets paid monthly. (adverb)*



## unit 03

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in capitals.

- Four people died in a \_\_\_\_\_ accident due to the \_\_\_\_\_ road conditions. Local residents are \_\_\_\_\_ because \_\_\_\_\_ accidents have occurred there and no measures have been taken yet.
- If you require \_\_\_\_\_ information, do not hesitate to contact me.
- I woke up this morning feeling happy because it was a \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ day. I realised that the miserable \_\_\_\_\_ days were over and that \_\_\_\_\_ summer was just around the corner.
- I get paid \_\_\_\_\_, which puts a lot of pressure on me \_\_\_\_\_ at the end of the month. I am \_\_\_\_\_ at controlling my money over a long period of time.
- Phil crosses the main road on a \_\_\_\_\_ basis to get to school. He does, however, cross \_\_\_\_\_ by looking both ways.
- \_\_\_\_\_ can be an enjoyable experience. Yet, more and more couples these days are deciding to remain \_\_\_\_\_.
- Eliza isn't very \_\_\_\_\_ lately. I hope she wasn't offended by my comment. I didn't say it \_\_\_\_\_ to hurt her.
- My friend David liked going on \_\_\_\_\_ holidays until last summer when he was bitten by a \_\_\_\_\_ snake and nearly died.

FATE, ICE

ANGER, NUMBER

ADDITION

DELIGHT

SUN, RAIN

LUCK

MONTH, FINANCE

HOPE

DAY

CAUTION

PARENT

CHILD

FRIEND

INTENTION

ADVENTURE

POISON

### Examination Practice

**A** Read the text below and decide which answer A, B, C or D best fits each space.

## THE ART OF BEING A PARENT

In order to (1) \_\_\_\_\_ children, many qualities are required. As well as the (2) \_\_\_\_\_ requirements such as love, patience and understanding, a sense of humour is an important feature of any parent's personality. (3) \_\_\_\_\_, it's quite an art to transform a child's bad mood into (4) \_\_\_\_\_ everyone in the family can live with.

Another aspect of child rearing is teaching children limits and rules. This means the child needs to be (5) \_\_\_\_\_ of what his or her rights are and what other people's are, too. Setting limits on children must occur on a daily basis. Temporary measures don't achieve anything but just waste time. A (6) \_\_\_\_\_ mistake, however, is being (7) \_\_\_\_\_ stricter than necessary. Parents must be (8) \_\_\_\_\_ to allow their children the opportunity to explore and learn (9) \_\_\_\_\_ experience.

What's more, most parents must know the importance of (10) \_\_\_\_\_ as it gets children used to certain everyday activities. For instance, eating at the same time (11) \_\_\_\_\_ their parents gets them into the habit of sitting at a table and (12) \_\_\_\_\_ them how to conduct themselves properly.

Overall, child rearing is no easy task but it is certainly a challenge and a learning experience.



1	A grow	B grow up	C born	D bring up
2	A routine	B popular	C ordinary	D usual
3	A In fact	B But	C All in all	D As well as
4	A temper	B character	C behaviour	D manner
5	A known	B accustomed	C familiar	D aware
6	A willing	B famous	C common	D continuous
7	A very	B far	C quite	D fairly
8	A keen	B eager	C interested	D willing
9	A by	B on	C from	D with
10	A custom	B routine	C fashion	D trend
11	A like	B as	C than	D of
12	A learns	B educates	C teaches	D instructs

**B** Complete the text below with the correct form of the words in capitals.

## ARTHRITIS

Arthritis is a general term for aches and pains in the body's joints.

Most types of arthritis involve the deterioration of cartilage, which is an (1) \_\_\_\_\_ material covering the ends of the bones in the joint. When the (2) \_\_\_\_\_ cartilage wears out, it becomes rough and this causes pain when the joint moves. This condition is more common among the elderly, but some people can be sufferers from (3) \_\_\_\_\_.

Apart from (4) \_\_\_\_\_ painkillers, little or no treatment is available. However, (5) \_\_\_\_\_ scientists have designed (6) \_\_\_\_\_ joints that can replace the (7) \_\_\_\_\_, worn-out ones. These new joints could prove very (8) \_\_\_\_\_ to arthritis sufferers. Although some believe that joint replacement may be (9) \_\_\_\_\_, numerous patients are (10) \_\_\_\_\_ waiting for this medical breakthrough.

ESSENCE  
HEALTH

CHILD  
TRADITION  
AMBITION

ARTIFICE  
PAIN  
BENEFIT

COST  
ANXIOUS

