			Name	of the MNE Fisca Currency	group: L C al year conc y used: US[Name of the MNE group: L Corporation and Fiscal year concerned: 2020 Currency used: USD (in thousands)	nd Affiliates lds)			
	R	Revenues		Profit (Loss)	Income Tax	Income Tax				Tangible Assets other
Тау	Unrelated	Related	Total	before	Paid (on Cash	Accrued —	Stated	Accumulated Number of	Number of	Than Cash and
Jurisdiction	Party	Party		Tax	Basis)	Year		Earnings Employees		Ш
United States	12,000	500	500 12,500	5,000	1,750	1,750	1,000	15,000	300	5,000
Ireland	15,000	0	15,000	5,800	725	725	10	30,000	15	500
Germany	0	157.5	157.5	15.75	4.72	4.72	10	35	1	10
Japan	0	113	113	11.3	3.57	3.57	10	20	1	5

CbCR a tool for tax administrations and taxpayers

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CbCR a tool for tax administrations and taxpayers

Ireland Lireland X X X	States L Corporation X X	Tax Jurisdiction Tax Jurisdiction Jurisdiction Constituent Entities Nurisdiction Resident in the Tax Incorporation if Different Incorporation of Different Research and Development Holding or Managing Intellectual Property Purchasing or Procurement Manufacturing or Production Constituent		Name of the MNE group: L Corporation and Affiliates Fiscal year concerned: 2020
x	: X	Sales, Marketing or Distribution Administrative, Management of Support Services Provision of Services to Unrelated Parties	Main Business Activity(i es)	ration and Affiliates d: 2020
		Internal Group Finance Regulated Financial Services	ctivity(les)	
		Insurance Holding Shares or Other Equity Instruments	_	
		Dormant		

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Action 13 CbC MCAA Adoption

- Many countries have agreed to the automatic exchange of CbCRs by signing the Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement on the Exchange of CbC Reports (the "CbC MCAA")
- I The MCAA is meant to ease and ensure the automatic transfer of CbCRs among signatories
- As of October 2018, 74 countries have signed the CbC MCAA
- As of September 2018, more than 1,800 exchange agreements have been activated between signatories of the CbC MCAA
- The United States has not signed the CbC MCAA but is instead negotiating bilateral agreements for the exchange of CbCRs
- In the U.S., CbC reports are "return information" under Section 6103
- As of November 2018, the United States has signed bilateral agreements with 41 countries for CbCR exchange, and has publicly disclosed that it is in negotiations with 7 others

BEPS Action 13: Master File

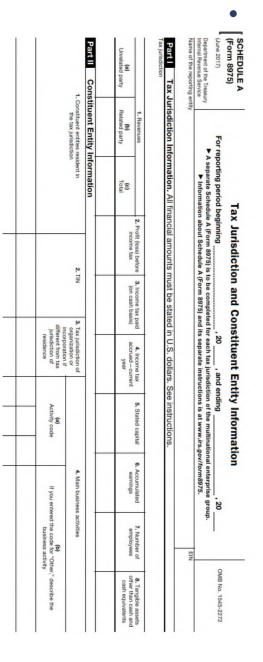
- Master file is expected to assist tax administrations in evaluating the presence of significant transfer pricing risk
- Master file requirements (2017 OECD TPG, Chapter V, Annex I):
- I A chart demonstrating the MNE's legal and ownership structure and location of operating entities
- I important business transactions A description of the MNE's business(es), including profit drivers, supply chains for certain of the group's largest products/service offerings and their main geographic markets, important service arrangements, and
- I and a list of important agreements related to intangibles A description of the MNE's intangibles, including the group's strategy for intangibles, the locations of R&D facilities and management, a list of the group's intangibles that are important for transfer pricing purposes,
- I A description of the MNE's intercompany financial activities, including how the group is financed, which group members provide central financing functions for the group and where they are managed, and the transfer pricing policies applicable to related-party financing arrangements
- The MNE's financial and tax positions

BEPS Action 13: Local File

- The information required in the local file supplements the master file and helps to meet the material transfer pricing positions affecting a specific jurisdiction. objective of assuring that the taxpayer has complied with the arm's length principle in its
- Local file requirements (2017 OECD TPG, Chapter V, Annex II):
- A description of the local entity management structure, local org chart, and a detailed description of the local entity's business, business strategy, and key competitors
- I and the context in which they occurred, the amount of intra-group receipts and payments for controlled transfer pricing method for each category of transaction and why and how it was applied enterprises" related to each category of controlled transactions, and identification of the most appropriate payor/recipient), a "detailed comparability and functional analysis of the taxpayer and associated transactions involving the local entity (by transaction category and tax jurisdiction of foreign Detailed information regarding material controlled transactions, including a description of the transactions
- I Detailed financial information for the local entity and summaries of relevant financial data for comparables

Common Ground between Section 6038 and OECD TPG Country-by-Country Reporting:

- The information required in Form 8975 and BEPS Action 13 is identical
- Part I "Tax Jurisdiction Information" in Form 8975 asks for the same data as Table 1 "Overview of allocation of income, taxes and business activities by tax jurisdiction" in Annex III to Chapter V
- I all the Constituent Entities of the MNE group included in each aggregation per tax jurisdiction" in Annex III to Chapter V Part II "Constituent Entity Information" in Form 8975 has the same main business activities as Table 2 "List of



CBC501 Research and development CBC502 Holding or managing intellectual property CBC503 Purchasing or production CBC504 Manufacturing or production CBC505 Sales, marketing, or distribution CBC506 Administrative, management, or support services CBC507 Provision of services to unrelated parties CBC508 Internal group finance CBC509 Regulated financial services CBC510 Insurance CBC511 Holding shares or other equity instruments CBC512 Dormant CBC513 Other

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BEPS Action 13: Master File

- Master file is expected to assist tax administrations in evaluating the presence of significant transfer pricing risk
- There is no corollary to the master file in the Section 6662 regulations and no master file requirement in the U.S.
- Why the Concern?
- A global overview of a MNE's business can reveal sensitive information about its supply chain, business operations, intangibles and financial and tax positions
- I While CbCR is provided only to the parent country and then distributed through existing treaty networks, the master file will be directly reported to countries in which the MNE operates
- What to Do?
- "High-level"
- Balance to make sure reported information is not harmful if publicly disclosed

BEPS Action 13: Local File

- The information required in the local file supplements the master file and helps to meet the transfer pricing positions affecting a specific jurisdiction objective of assuring that the taxpayer has complied with the arm's length principle in its material
- The local file requirements are similar to those in Treas. Reg. § 1.6662-6(d)(2)(iii)(B)
- Business overview
- Organizational structure
- I comparables used, how comparability was evaluated, and what adjustments were made considered and rejected; (3) the controlled transactions and internal data used to analyze them; and (4) the A description of (1) the method selected and the reason why is was selected; (2) the alternative methods
- I An explanation of the economic analysis and projections relied on
- A summary of additional data acquired post-tax year but before filing return