

Exercises

15.1 What do we call ...?

- 1 A first degree at college or university *bachelor's degree*
- 2 The lower level of postgraduate degree
- 3 The highest university degree
- 4 A person who is studying for their first degree
- 5 A person who has completed their first degree
- 6 A person who is studying for a master's or PhD

15.2 Choose the correct option to complete each sentence.

- 1 This undergraduate *credit / programme / field* lasts four years.
- 2 To complete the year students need 180 *lectures / credits / modules*. 60 of these are for the thesis.
- 3 After three years, you will *research / credit / graduate* with a bachelor's degree.
- 4 My master's *field / credit / dissertation* on modern English literature was 120 pages long.
- 5 Dr Lewis has been doing *research / thesis / field* into dolphin behaviour and has made a very important discovery.
- 6 Lucy is an expert in the *field / programme / research* of ancient history and has just completed her PhD on Greek art.

15.3 Fill the gaps with words from B opposite.

- 1 A *campus* is a place where the university buildings are located.
- 2 Student accommodation is called
- 3 Academic staff, such as professors, tutors and, have offices at the university.
- 4 are meetings (one-to-one or in small groups) with a tutor.
- 5 Students listen to talks in a
- 6 Some are attended by two hundred students.

15.4 Correct the mistakes in these sentences.

- 1 There are two types of student ^{finance}unions: student loans and scholarships.
- 2 You must pay your entry requirements by 17th September.
- 3 A great way of meeting new people on campus is to join some of the student scholarships and clubs.
- 4 The admissions office helps current students with their problems and life on campus.
- 5 Before you submit your application, read the student loan thoroughly.

15.5

Over to you

Is the system of university studies similar in your country?
Make a list of similarities and differences.