2.	2 Look at the words in bold in the reviews. Find	the o	correct words for these definitions.
1	a song sung by two people		duet
2	a combination of voices singing together in tune		
3	a collection of recordings		
4	people who write music		
5	individual recorded songs		
6	a re-recording of another musician's song		
7	the special way someone does something		
8	people who are really keen on a particular singer of	or gro	oup
9	familiar songs that everyone likes		·
10	the words written for a song		
pa	3 Use words and expressions from 2.1 and 2.2 to rticularly like.		
3.	1 34 Listen to four people describing differ	ent k	kinds of music. Which type is each person describing?
1	2		3 4
the	1 35 Each of these words describes a sound describes a sound describes a sound describes a sound write correct word for each sound you hear. Sound bark smash sneeze snore plash tap whistle		W Vocabulary note Many of these words can be used in a range of different contexts: I tapped on the car window to get her attention. She tapped her foot in time to the music.
1	bark 2		3 4
5	6		7 8
4.	Make sentences by matching 1–8 with A–H.		
1	It was really difficult to sleep	Α	it whistled through the cracks in the old front door.
2	There was so much dust in the house	В	that I started to sneeze almost as soon as I arrived.
3	As Peter fell head first into the pond	С	with a loud bang that made everybody jump.
4	I knocked over the enormous vase	D	and barked out instructions to the students.
5	The sports instructor was very strict	E	and I heard my dad tapping his foot to the beat.
6	When the wind blew	F	because my brother snored so much.
7	The tune was very catchy	G	there was an impressive splash.
8	The door slammed shut	Н	and it made a terrible noise as it smashed.

Exam practice

Reading and Use of English Part 2

For questions **1–8**, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only **one** word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning **(0)**.

Music and its effect on children							
For all children, music provides an obvious opportunity for both self-expression (0)and							
creativity. But researchers have now also shown that a strong musical education provides so							
(1) more. For example, music develops self-discipline: the child who devotes time to							
practising (2) day is known to develop similar habits (3) relation to other							
subjects as well. Organisational skills increase and the child learns (4) is needed to be							
'good' at something. In addition, band or choir members learn the importance of being a reliable member of							
a group and becoming a true team player, and (5) necessarily always 'the star'.							
Scientists have also discovered that learning to read music or play a musical instrument develops higher							
thinking skills. Any child (6) is skilled at music also excels in problem-solving, evaluation							
and analysis. The part of the brain used to read music is the same (7) the area used in							
mathematical thinking. This explains (8) so many capable musicians are also good at							
maths.							
Writing Part 1: essay In your class you have been talking about the importance of learning to play music. Now your English teacher has asked you to write an essay. Write an essay (140–190 words) using all the notes and give reasons for your point of view.							
Should everyone learn to play a musical instrument? Notes Write about: 1 whether playing music is enjoyable 2 whether everyone can learn to play an instrument 3 (your own idea)							

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Highs and lows

Feelings

1.1 236 Listen to a boy called Nick talking about something that happened recently. Answer these questions.										
1	Who came to watch Nick's team play? Why?									
2	What happened after the match?									
3	Who was chosen?									
ad	jectives a	nd N above	tives below. Wh the negative or disappointed	nes.						
1.	3 36	Listen ag	ain. How do you	ı think Nick fel	t:					
1 after he scored the goal?			2 at the end of the day?							
		Now liste	en to Nick conti	nue his story. (Choose th	ree adje	ctives fror	n 1.2 to	describe h	now he felt

Read the email. The underlined adjectives have similar meanings to those in the table below. Write them in the correct column.

Hi Helga

Just wanted to tell you that I went to the seaside last Saturday with my friends. I was really glad that they phoned me because I was feeling fed up and I was relieved to have something to do. But when we got to the seaside I realised they were going to the theme park and I've always been scared of the big rides. I got a bit angry with them because they hadn't told me. But in the end they persuaded me to go with them. As I sat there waiting for the first ride to begin, I could feel my heart beating faster and faster, but as soon as it started I forgot to feel anxious about it because it was such fun. When I got off I was surprised to realise how much I'd enjoyed it and I went on all the other rides too! You must come with me next time.

Love, Tina

amazed	annoyed	depressed	frightened	pleased	worried
•		•	•	glad	•

 $\Theta \Theta \otimes$