7. Work in pairs. For questions on the road risk cellphones may	1–12 read the passage from the article by Mattew Wald (<i>New York Times</i>) cause and choose from the list A-L the best phrase given below to fill each
of the spaces.	
stop properly at red lights and, what ncreasing the chance of accidentations of the property and the stopped before the white line about	(1) using a "hands free" cellphone sometimes failed to then they recognized the light in time to stop, braked much harder than usual, s, researchers report in a new study. In the study, 36 drivers on a test track at 95 percent of the time when the light showed red. But
2) a device (3)	cellphone, they stopped properly only 80 percent of the time. Older people, (4) failing when distracted, although the women
(5) themselves more	(6) than older men or younger drivers, the researchers found.

reviewed journal. Dr. Peter A. Hancock, the psychology of the previous studies have suggested that cellphone (9) have used (10) parts of the brain were engaged by the use of cellphocar, a 1991 Crown Victoria with (Hopkinton, Mass. Adding to the drama, it used The car had a touch-screen computer installed Drivers were given a (15) before the was controlled by the researchers, the phone would "rin (16) the number the driver had men (A. safety margin)	e use contributes to accidents. Some recent studies of a fincluding driving simulators and CAT scans, to see what ones. This test was
C. unusual because	B. diver distraction
E. particularly susceptible to	F. same as
G. seven-digit number to memorize	H. similar to
I. with the distraction of	J. tended to leave
K. Boston-area drivers M. banning bandhald at	0.14
M. banning handheld phones O. laboratory techniques	
8. Work in pairs. In most lines of the follow:	P. accepted for